

## HOW DOES SUPPORTED EMPLOYMENT HELP DISABILITY INSURANCE RECIPIENTS WORK WHILE ON CLAIM?

Sébastien Fontenay<sup>i</sup> & Ilan Tojerow<sup>ii</sup>

We evaluate the effects of a Supported Employment (SE) program aimed at Disability Insurance (DI) recipients with mental conditions. The program is characterized by a “work first” approach with intensive job counseling and follow-along support. Using a Randomized Control Trial with more than 660 participants over a follow-up period of 18 months, we compare the benefits of this newly introduced program to regular vocational rehabilitation services traditionally used in Belgium. We find that SE increases the probability of DI recipients with mental conditions to work while on claim and reduces their reliance on DI benefits. In fact, 18 months after the start of their return-to-work program, participants in the SE group are 9 percentage points more likely to be working and receive 10% less in DI benefits than those in the control group. Cost-benefit analysis reveals that spending on SE could be compensated within less than two years by the savings in DI benefits.

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<sup>i</sup> Université Libre de Bruxelles, SEBS-EM, DULBEA, CEBRIG

<sup>ii</sup> Université Libre de Bruxelles, SEBS-EM, DULBEA, CEBRIG, IZA Institute of Labor Economics